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PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT
 (To Prospectus dated January 24, 2001)

Morgan Stanley Dean Witter & Co.

\$2,500,000,000 5.80% NOTES DUE 2007
 (euro)1,500,000,000 5.75% NOTES DUE 2009
 \$2,500,000,000 6.60% NOTES DUE 2012
 \$1,000,000,000 7.25% NOTES DUE 2032

 Interest on the notes due 2007, the notes due 2012 and the notes due 2032, which we collectively refer to as the "U.S. dollar notes," will be payable on each April 1 and October 1, beginning on October 1, 2002. Interest on the notes due 2009, which we refer to as the "euro notes," will be payable on each April 1, beginning on April 1, 2003. We may redeem some or all of the U.S. dollar notes at any time. We describe the redemption prices for the U.S. dollar notes under the heading "Description of Notes--Optional Redemption of the U.S. Dollar Notes" beginning on page S-8 of this prospectus supplement. The euro notes will not be redeemed prior to their maturity date.

 We will apply for the notes to be admitted to the Official List of the Financial Services Authority (in its capacity as competent authority for the purposes of Part VI of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "UK Listing Authority")) and to trading on the London Stock Exchange plc.

 NOTES DUE 2007 -- PRICE 99.710% AND ACCRUED INTEREST, IF ANY
 NOTES DUE 2009 -- PRICE 99.256% AND ACCRUED INTEREST, IF ANY
 NOTES DUE 2012 -- PRICE 99.496% AND ACCRUED INTEREST, IF ANY
 NOTES DUE 2032 -- PRICE 99.903% AND ACCRUED INTEREST, IF ANY

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to	Price to Public	Underwriting Discounts and Commissions	Proceeds Company
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Per Note Due 2007.....	99.710%	.350%	99.360%
Total.....	\$2,492,750,000	\$8,750,000	
\$2,484,000,000			
Per Note Due 2009.....	99.256%	.400%	98.856%
Total.....	(euro)1,488,840,000	(euro)6,000,000	
(euro)1,482,840,000			

Per Note Due 2012.....	99.496%	.450%	99.046%
Total.....	\$2,487,400,000	\$11,250,000	
\$2,476,150,000			
Per Note Due 2032.....	99.903%	.875%	99.028%
Total.....	\$999,030,000	\$8,750,000	
\$990,280,000			

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The Securities and Exchange Commission and state securities regulators have not approved or disapproved these securities, or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated and Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited expect to deliver the notes to purchasers, in registered book-entry form only, through The Depository Trust Company, Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear, as the case may be, on April 3, 2002.

MORGAN STANLEY

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ABN AMRO INCORPORATED | BANC ONE CAPITAL MARKETS, INC. |
| BARCLAYS CAPITAL | BLAYLOCK & PARTNERS, L.P. |
| CABOTO INTESABCI | COMMERZBANK SECURITIES |
| CREDIT LYONNAIS | DANSKE BANK |
| FLEET SECURITIES, INC. | ING |
| KBC INTERNATIONAL GROUP | MIZUHO INTERNATIONAL PLC |
| RBC CAPITAL MARKETS | THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND |
| SANTANDER CENTRAL HISPANO | TOKYO-MITSUBISHI INTERNATIONAL PLC |
| UFJ INTERNATIONAL PLC | UTENDAHL CAPITAL PARTNERS, L.P. |
| WESTDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK GIROZENTRALE | THE WILLIAMS CAPITAL GROUP, L.P. |

March 27, 2002

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You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus dated January 24, 2001. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, only the notes described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and we are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, these notes only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. In this prospectus supplement, the "Company," "we," "us," "MSDW" and "our" refer to Morgan Stanley Dean Witter & Co.

The distribution of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the offering of the notes in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons outside the United States who come into possession of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus must inform themselves about and observe any restrictions relating to the offering of the notes and the distribution of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus outside the United States.

References herein to "\$" and "dollars" are to United States dollars. References herein to "(euro)" and "euro" are to the lawful currency of the member states of the European Union that adopt the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended.

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SUMMARY OF THE OFFERINGS

The following summary describes the \$2,500,000,000 5.80% notes due 2007, (euro)1,500,000,000 5.75% notes due 2009, \$2,500,000,000 6.60% notes due 2012 and \$1,000,000,000 7.25% notes due 2032 we are offering to you in general terms only. You should read the summary together with the more detailed information that is contained in the rest of this prospectus supplement and in the accompanying prospectus.

Issuer.....	Morgan Stanley Dean Witter & Co.
Aggregate Principal Amount..	\$2,500,000,000 5.80% notes due 2007, (euro)1,500,000,000 5.75% notes due 2009, \$2,500,000,000 6.60% notes due 2012 and \$1,000,000,000 7.25% notes due 2032, collectively referred to as the "notes"
Maturity Date.....	April 1, 2007 for the notes due 2007, April 1, 2009 for the notes due 2009, April 1, 2012 for the notes due 2012 and April 1, 2032 for the notes due 2032
Issue Date for the Notes....	April 3, 2002
Issue Price.....	99.710% for the notes due 2007, 99.256% for the notes due 2009, 99.496% for the notes due 2012 and 99.903% for the notes due 2032

Interest Payment Dates..... Each April 1 and October 1, commencing October 1, 2002, for the notes due 2007, the notes due 2012 and the notes due 2032, collectively referred to as the "U.S. dollar notes"

Each April 1, commencing April 1, 2003, for the notes due 2009, referred to as the "euro notes"

Optional Redemption..... We may redeem the U.S. dollar notes at any time at the redemption price described in the section entitled "Description of Notes-- Optional Redemption of the U.S. Dollar Notes."

We may not redeem the euro notes prior to maturity.

Form..... Fully registered global notes in book-entry form

Minimum Denominations..... \$1,000 and multiples thereof for the U.S. dollar notes

(euro)1,000 and multiples thereof for the euro notes

CUSIP..... 617446HB8 for the notes due 2007, 617446HE2 for the notes due 2009, 617446HC6 for the notes due 2012 and 617446HD4 for the notes due 2032

Common Code..... 014595732 for the notes due 2007, 014596399 for the notes due 2009, 014595775 for the notes due 2012 and 014595813 for the notes due 2032

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ISIN..... US617446HB86 for the notes due 2007, US617446HE26 for the notes due 2009, US617446HC69 for the notes due 2012 and US617446HD43 for the notes due 2032

Trustee for the Notes..... JPMorgan Chase Bank (formerly known as The Chase Manhattan Bank)

Delivery and Clearance..... We will deposit the global notes for each of the U.S. dollar notes and the euro notes with The Depository Trust Company in New York. You may hold an interest in the global notes through The Depository Trust Company, Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear Bank, as operator of the Euroclear System, directly as a participant of any such system or indirectly through organizations that are participants in such systems.

Listing We will apply for the notes to be admitted to the Official List of the Financial Services Authority (in its capacity as competent authority for the purposes of Part VI of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "UK Listing Authority")) and to trading on the London Stock Exchange plc.

How to Reach Us..... Our principal executive offices are located at

1585 Broadway, New York, New York 10036, telephone number (212) 761-4000.

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CONSOLIDATED RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table sets forth our consolidated ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the periods indicated.

	Fiscal Year				
	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.4

For purposes of calculating the ratio of earnings to fixed charges, earnings are the sum of:

- o pre-tax income;
- o fixed charges; and
- o amortization of capitalized interest;

less:

- o capitalized interest.

Fixed charges are the sum of:

- o interest expensed and capitalized;
- o amortized premiums, discounts and capitalized expenses related to indebtedness; and
- o our estimate of the interest component of rental expenses.

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FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS

You should consult your financial and legal advisors as to any specific risks entailed by an investment in notes that are denominated or payable in a currency other than the currency of the country in which you are resident or in which you conduct your business, which we refer to as your "home currency." Such notes are not appropriate investments for investors who are not sophisticated in foreign currency transactions. We disclaim any responsibility to advise prospective purchasers who are residents of countries other than the United States of any matters arising under non-U.S. law that may affect the purchase of or holding of, or the receipt of payments on, the notes. These persons should consult their own legal and financial advisors concerning these matters.

Exchange Rates and Exchange Controls May Affect Notes' Value or Return

General Exchange Rate and Exchange Control Risks. An investment in a note that is denominated or payable in a currency other than your home currency

entails significant risks. These risks include the possibility of significant changes in rates of exchange between your home currency and the relevant foreign currencies and the possibility of the imposition or modification of exchange controls by the relevant governmental entities. These risks generally depend on economic and political events over which we have no control.

Exchange Rates Will Affect Your Investment. Fluctuations in any particular exchange rate that have occurred in the past are not necessarily indicative of fluctuations that may occur during the term of any note. Depreciation against your home currency of the currency in which a note is payable would result in a decrease in the effective yield of the note below its coupon rate and could result in an overall loss to you on a home currency basis.

We Have No Control Over Exchange Rates. From time to time, governments may use a variety of techniques, such as intervention by a country's central bank, the imposition of regulatory controls or taxes or changes in interest rates to influence the exchange rates of their currencies. Governments may also issue a new currency to replace an existing currency or alter the exchange rate or relative exchange characteristics by a devaluation or revaluation of a currency. These governmental actions could change or interfere with currency valuations and currency fluctuations that would otherwise occur in response to economic forces, as well as in response to the movement of currencies across borders. As a consequence, these government actions could adversely affect yields or payouts in your home currency for the notes.

We will not make any adjustment or change in the terms of the notes in the event that exchange rates should become fixed, or in the event of any devaluation or revaluation or imposition of exchange or other regulatory controls or taxes, or in the event of other developments affecting your home currency or any applicable foreign currency. You will bear those risks.

Exchange Rates May Affect the Value of a New York Judgment Involving Euro Notes

The notes will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York. Unlike many courts in the United States outside the State of New York, the courts in the State of New York may enter judgments or decrees for money damages in the foreign currency in which notes are denominated. These amounts would then be converted into U.S. dollars at the rate of exchange in effect on the date the judgment or decree is entered. You would bear the relevant currency risk during litigation.

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DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

The following description of the particular terms of the 5.80% notes due 2007, which we refer to as the "notes due 2007," the 5.75% notes due 2009, which we refer to as the "notes due 2009" or as the "euro notes," the 6.60% notes due 2012, which we refer to as the "notes due 2012," and the 7.25% notes due 2032, which we refer to as the "notes due 2032" and collectively, with the notes due 2007, the notes due 2009 and the notes due 2012, as the "notes," offered hereby supplements the description of the general terms and provisions of the debt securities set forth in the prospectus, to which description reference is hereby made. The notes are referred to in the prospectus as the "debt securities." The following summary of the notes is qualified in its entirety by reference to the

senior indenture referred to in the prospectus.

General

The notes due 2007 will initially be limited to \$2,500,000,000 in aggregate principal amount and will mature on April 1, 2007. The notes due 2009 will initially be limited to (euro)1,500,000,000 in aggregate principal amount and will mature on April 1, 2009. The notes due 2012 will initially be limited to \$2,500,000,000 in aggregate principal amount and will mature on April 1, 2012. The notes due 2032 will initially be limited to \$1,000,000,000 in aggregate principal amount and will mature on April 1, 2032. The notes will constitute senior debt and will rank on parity with all other senior indebtedness of MSDW and with all other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness of MSDW, subject to certain statutory exceptions in the event of liquidation upon insolvency. The notes due 2007, the notes due 2012 and the notes due 2032, collectively, the "U.S. dollar notes," will be issued in fully registered form only, in denominations of \$1,000 and multiples thereof. The euro notes will be issued in fully registered form only, in denominations of (euro)1,000 and multiples thereof. Principal of and interest on the notes will be payable, and the transfer of notes will be registrable, through the depositary as described below. We may create and issue additional notes due 2007, notes due 2009, notes due 2012 or notes due 2032 with the same terms as the notes due 2007, notes due 2009, notes due 2012 or notes due 2032 offered hereby, as applicable, so that the additional notes will form a single series with the respective series of notes offered hereby.

The U.S. dollar notes are subject to redemption at any time as described below under "--Optional Redemption of the U.S. Dollar Notes." The euro notes will not be redeemed prior to the maturity date. The senior indenture permits the defeasance of the notes upon the satisfaction of the conditions described under "Description of Debt Securities--Discharge, Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance" in the prospectus. The notes are subject to these defeasance provisions.

Each of the notes will bear interest from April 3, 2002 at the respective applicable annual rate set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement. Interest on the U.S. dollar notes will be payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 of each year (each an "interest payment date"), commencing October 1, 2002, to the person in whose name such notes are registered at the close of business on the preceding March 15 or September 15, as applicable. Interest on the euro notes will be payable annually on April 1 of each year, commencing April 1, 2003, to the person in whose name such notes are registered at the close of business on the preceding March 15. Interest on all of the notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.

If any interest payment date falls on a day that is not a business day, the interest payment shall be postponed to the next day that is a business day, and no interest on such payment shall accrue for the period from and after such interest payment date. If the maturity date of the notes falls on a day that is not a business day, the payment of interest and principal will be made on the next succeeding business day, and no interest on such payment shall accrue for the period from and after the maturity date.

As used herein, "business day" means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is (a) neither a legal holiday nor a day on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law or regulation to close in The City of New York and (b) for the euro notes, a day that is also a day on which the Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross Settlement Express Transfer System is open.

Interest payments for the notes will include accrued interest from and including the date of issue or from and including the last date in respect of which interest has been paid, as the case may be, to but excluding the interest payment date or maturity date, as the case may be.

Optional Redemption of the U.S. Dollar Notes

The U.S. dollar notes may be redeemed in whole at any time or in part from time to time, at our option, at a redemption price equal to the greater of:

- o 100% of the principal amount of the U.S. dollar notes to be redeemed, and
- o the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the U.S. dollar notes to be redeemed (not including any portion of such payments of interest accrued to the date of redemption) discounted to the date of redemption on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the applicable treasury rate, plus 15 basis points for the notes due 2007, 20 basis points for the notes due 2012 or 25 basis points for the notes due 2032, as calculated by the calculation agent;

plus, in each case,

- o accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount being redeemed to the redemption date.

"treasury rate" means, with respect to any redemption date:

- o the yield, under the heading that represents the average for the immediately preceding week, appearing in the most recently published statistical release designated "H.15(519)" or any successor publication that is published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and that establishes yields on actively traded U.S. Treasury securities adjusted to constant maturity under the caption "Treasury Constant Maturities," for the maturity corresponding to the comparable treasury issue (if no maturity is within three months before or after the remaining life (as defined below), yields for the two published maturities most closely corresponding to the comparable treasury issue will be determined and the treasury rate will be interpolated or extrapolated from such yields on a straight line basis, rounding to the nearest month); or
- o if such release (or any successor release) is not published during the week preceding the calculation date or does not contain such yields, the rate per annum equal to the semiannual equivalent yield to maturity of the comparable treasury issue, calculated using a price for the comparable treasury issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the comparable treasury price for such redemption date.

The treasury rate will be calculated on the third business day preceding the redemption date.

"calculation agent" means Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, or if that firm is unwilling or unable to select the comparable treasury issue, an investment banking institution of national standing appointed by the trustee after consultation with us.

"comparable treasury issue" means the U.S. Treasury security selected by the calculation agent as having a maturity comparable to the remaining term ("remaining life") of the series of U.S. dollar notes to be redeemed that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of such notes.

"comparable treasury price" means (1) the average of five reference treasury dealer quotations for such redemption date, after excluding the highest and lowest reference treasury dealer quotations, or (2) if the calculation agent obtains fewer than five such reference treasury dealer quotations, the average of all such quotations.

"reference treasury dealer" means (1) Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated and its successors, provided, however, that if the foregoing shall cease to be a primary U.S. government securities dealer in New York City (a "primary treasury dealer") we will substitute therefor another primary treasury dealer and (2) any other primary treasury dealer selected by the calculation agent after consultation with us.

"reference treasury dealer quotations" means, with respect to each reference treasury dealer and any redemption date, the average, as determined by the calculation agent, of the bid and asked prices for the comparable treasury issue

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(expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the calculation agent at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the third business day preceding such redemption date.

We will mail a notice of redemption to each holder of U.S. dollar notes to be redeemed by first-class mail at least 30 and not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption. Unless we default on payment of the redemption price, interest will cease to accrue on the U.S. dollar notes or portions thereof called for redemption on the applicable redemption date. If fewer than all of the U.S. dollar notes of a particular maturity are to be redeemed, the trustee will select, not more than 60 days prior to the redemption date, the particular U.S. dollar notes or portions thereof for redemption from the outstanding U.S. dollar notes not previously called by such method as the trustee deems fair and appropriate.

Because Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated is our affiliate, the economic interests of Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated may be adverse to your interests as an owner of any of the notes, including with respect to certain determinations and judgments that it must make as calculation agent in the event we redeem the U.S. dollar notes before their maturity. Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated is obligated to carry out its duties and functions as calculation agent in good faith and using its reasonable judgment.

Book-Entry, Delivery and Form

The notes will be issued in the form of one or more fully registered global notes, the "global notes," which will be deposited with, or on behalf of, The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, the "depository" or "DTC," and registered in the name of Cede & Co., the depository's nominee. Beneficial interests in the global notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in the depository. Investors may elect to hold interests in the global notes held by the depository through Clearstream Banking, societe anonyme, "Clearstream, Luxembourg," or Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. as operator of the Euroclear System, the "Euroclear operator," if they are participants of such systems, or indirectly through organizations that are participants in such systems. Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator will hold interests on behalf of their participants through customers' securities accounts in Clearstream, Luxembourg's and the Euroclear operator's names on the books of their respective depositories, which in turn will hold such interests in customers' securities accounts in the depositories' names on the books of the depository. Citibank, N.A. will act as depository for Clearstream, Luxembourg and JPMorgan Chase Bank will act as depository for the Euroclear operator, in such capacities, the "U.S. depositories." Because holders will acquire, hold and transfer security entitlements with respect to the notes through accounts with DTC and its participants, including Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Euroclear operator and their participants, a beneficial holder's rights with respect to the notes will be subject to the laws (including Article 8 of the Uniform Commercial Code) and contractual provisions governing a holder's relationship with its securities intermediary and the relationship between its securities intermediary and each other securities intermediary between it and MSDW, as the

issuer. Except as set forth below, the global notes may be transferred, in whole and not in part, only to another nominee of the depository or to a successor of the depository or its nominee.

The depository has advised MSDW as follows: the depository is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The depository holds securities deposited with it by its participants and facilitates the settlement of transactions among its participants in those securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in participant's accounts, eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. The depository's participants include securities brokers and dealers (including underwriters), banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations, some of whom (and/or their representatives) own the depository. Access to the depository's book-entry system is also available to others, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly.

According to the depository, the foregoing information relating to the depository has been provided to the financial community for informational purposes only and is not intended to serve as a representation, warranty or contract modification of any kind.

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Clearstream, Luxembourg advises that it is incorporated under the laws of Luxembourg as a bank. Clearstream, Luxembourg holds securities for its customers, "Clearstream, Luxembourg customers," and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between Clearstream, Luxembourg customers through electronic book-entry transfers between their accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities. Clearstream, Luxembourg provides to Clearstream, Luxembourg customers, among other things, services for safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement of internationally traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Clearstream, Luxembourg interfaces with domestic securities markets in over 30 countries through established depository and custodial relationships. As a bank, Clearstream, Luxembourg is subject to regulation by the Luxembourg Commission for the Supervision of the Financial Sector (Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier). Clearstream, Luxembourg customers are world-wide financial institutions, including underwriters, securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations. Clearstream, Luxembourg's U.S. customers are limited to securities brokers and dealers and banks. Indirect access to Clearstream, Luxembourg is also available to other institutions such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Clearstream, Luxembourg customer. Clearstream, Luxembourg has established an electronic bridge with the Euroclear operator to facilitate settlement of trades between Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator.

Distributions with respect to the notes held through Clearstream, Luxembourg will be credited to cash accounts of Clearstream, Luxembourg customers in accordance with its rules and procedures, to the extent received by the U.S. depository for Clearstream, Luxembourg.

The Euroclear operator advises that the Euroclear System was created in 1968 to hold securities for its participants, "Euroclear participants," and to clear and settle transactions between Euroclear participants through simultaneous electronic book-entry delivery against payment, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates and any risk from lack of simultaneous transfers of securities and cash. The Euroclear System is owned by Euroclear Clearance System Public Limited Company and operated through a license

agreement by the Euroclear operator, a bank incorporated under the laws of the Kingdom of Belgium. The Euroclear operator is regulated and examined by the Belgian Banking and Finance Commission and the National Bank of Belgium.

The Euroclear operator holds securities and book-entry interests in securities for participating organizations and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between Euroclear participants and between Euroclear participants and participants of certain other securities intermediaries through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of such participants or other securities intermediaries.

The Euroclear operator provides Euroclear participants, among other things, with safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement, securities lending and borrowing, and related services.

Non-participants of Euroclear may acquire, hold and transfer book-entry interests in securities through accounts with a direct participant of Euroclear or any other securities intermediary that holds a book-entry interest in the securities through one or more securities intermediaries standing between such other securities intermediary and the Euroclear operator.

Securities clearance accounts and cash accounts with the Euroclear operator are governed by the Terms and Conditions Governing Use of Euroclear and the related Operating Procedures of the Euroclear System, and applicable Belgian law, collectively, the "terms and conditions." The terms and conditions govern transfers of securities and cash within the Euroclear System, withdrawals of securities and cash from the Euroclear System, and receipts of payments with respect to securities in the Euroclear System. All securities in the Euroclear System are held on a fungible basis without attribution of specific certificates to specific securities clearance accounts. The Euroclear operator acts under the terms and conditions only on behalf of Euroclear participants and has no record of or relationship with persons holding through Euroclear participants.

Distributions with respect to the notes held beneficially through the Euroclear System will be credited to the cash accounts of Euroclear participants in accordance with the terms and conditions, to the extent received by the U.S. depository for the Euroclear operator.

Although the Euroclear operator has agreed to the procedures provided below in order to facilitate transfers of notes among Euroclear participants and between Euroclear participants and participants of other intermediaries, it is under

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no obligation to perform or continue to perform in accordance with such procedures, and such procedures may be modified or discontinued at any time.

Investors electing to acquire notes through an account with the Euroclear operator or some other securities intermediary must follow the settlement procedures of such an intermediary with respect to the settlement of new issues of securities. Investors electing to acquire, hold or transfer notes through an account with the Euroclear operator or some other securities intermediary must follow the settlement procedures of such an intermediary with respect to the settlement of secondary market transactions of securities.

Investors who are Euroclear participants may acquire, hold or transfer interests in notes by book-entry to accounts with the Euroclear operator. Investors who are not Euroclear participants may acquire, hold or transfer interests in securities by book-entry to accounts with a securities intermediary who holds a book-entry interest in these securities through accounts with

Euroclear.

The Euroclear operator further advises that investors that acquire, hold and transfer interests in the notes by book-entry through accounts with the Euroclear operator or any other securities intermediary are subject to the laws and contractual provisions governing their relationship with their intermediary, as well as the laws and contractual provisions governing the relationship between their intermediary and each other intermediary, if any, standing between themselves and the global notes.

The Euroclear operator further advises that, under Belgian law, investors that are credited with securities on the records of the Euroclear operator have a co-property right in the fungible pool of interests in securities on deposit with the Euroclear operator in an amount equal to the amount of interests in securities credited to their accounts. In the event of the insolvency of the Euroclear operator, Euroclear participants would have a right under Belgian law to the return of the amount and type of interests in securities credited to their accounts with the Euroclear operator. If the Euroclear operator does not have a sufficient amount of interests in securities on deposit of a particular type to cover the claims of all participants credited with interests in securities of that type on the Euroclear operator's records, all participants having an amount of interests in securities of that type credited to their accounts with the Euroclear operator will have the right under Belgian law to the return of their pro rata share of the amount of interests in securities actually on deposit.

Under Belgian law, the Euroclear operator is required to pass on the benefits of ownership in any interests in securities on deposit with it (such as dividends, voting rights and other entitlements) to any person credited with those interests in securities on its records.

Individual certificates in respect of the notes will not be issued in exchange for the registered global notes, except in very limited circumstances. If the depository notifies MSDW that it is unwilling or unable to continue as a clearing system in connection with the registered global notes or ceases to be a clearing agency registered under the Securities Exchange Act, and a successor clearing system is not appointed by MSDW within 90 days after receiving that notice from the depository or upon becoming aware that the depository is no longer so registered, we will issue or cause to be issued individual certificates in registered form on registration of transfer of, or in exchange for, book-entry interests in the notes represented by the registered global notes upon delivery of the registered global notes for cancellation.

Title to book-entry interests in the notes will pass by book-entry registration of the transfer within the records of Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Euroclear operator or the depository, as the case may be, in accordance with their respective procedures. Book-entry interests in the notes may be transferred within Clearstream, Luxembourg and within the Euroclear System and between Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear System in accordance with procedures established for these purposes by Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator. Book-entry interests in the notes may be transferred within the depository in accordance with procedures established for this purpose by the depository. Transfers of book-entry interests in the notes among Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator and the depository may be effected in accordance with procedures established for this purpose by Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Euroclear operator and the depository.

A further description of the depository's procedures with respect to the global notes is set forth in the prospectus under "Forms of Securities-Global Securities." The depository has confirmed to MSDW, the underwriters and the trustee that it intends to follow such procedures.

Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures

Initial settlement for the registered global notes will be made in immediately available funds. Secondary market trading between the depositary's participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with the depositary's rules and will be settled in immediately available funds using the depositary's Same-Day Funds Settlement System. Secondary market trading between Clearstream, Luxembourg customers and/or Euroclear participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with the applicable rules and operating procedures of Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear System and will be settled using the procedures applicable to conventional Eurobonds in immediately available funds.

Cross-market transfers between persons holding directly or indirectly through the depositary on the one hand, and directly or indirectly through Clearstream, Luxembourg customers or Euroclear participants, on the other, will be effected through the depositary in accordance with the depositary's rules on behalf of the relevant European international clearing system by its U.S. depositary; however, these cross-market transactions will require delivery of instructions to the relevant European international clearing system by the counterparty in the clearing system in accordance with its rules and procedures and within its established deadlines (European time). The relevant European international clearing system will, if the transaction meets its settlement requirements, deliver instructions to its U.S. depositary to take action to effect final settlement on its behalf by delivering interests in the notes to or receiving interests in the notes from the depositary, and making or receiving payment in accordance with normal procedures for same-day funds settlement applicable to the depositary. Clearstream, Luxembourg customers and Euroclear participants may not deliver instructions directly to their respective U.S. depositaries.

Because of time-zone differences, credits of interests in the notes received in Clearstream, Luxembourg or the Euroclear system as a result of a transaction with a depositary participant will be made during subsequent securities settlement processing and dated the business day following the depositary settlement date. Credits of interests or any transactions involving interests in the notes received in Clearstream, Luxembourg or the Euroclear System as a result of a transaction with a depositary participant and settled during subsequent securities settlement processing will be reported to the relevant Clearstream, Luxembourg customers or Euroclear participants on the business day following the depositary settlement date. Cash received in Clearstream, Luxembourg or the Euroclear System as a result of sales of interests in the notes by or through a Clearstream, Luxembourg customer or a Euroclear participant to a depositary participant will be received with value on the depositary settlement date but will be available in the relevant Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear cash account only as of the business day following settlement in the depositary.

Although the depositary, Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator have agreed to the foregoing procedures in order to facilitate transfers of interests in the notes among participants of the depositary, Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear, they are under no obligation to perform or continue to perform the foregoing procedures and these procedures may be changed or discontinued at any time.

Notices

Notices to holders of the notes will be given by mailing such notices to each holder by first class mail, postage prepaid, at the respective address of each holder as that address appears upon the books of MSDW. Notices given to the depositary, as holder of the global notes, will be passed on to the beneficial owners of the notes in accordance with the standard rules and procedures of the depositary and its direct and indirect participants, including Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator.

UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAXATION

The following summary describes certain United States federal income and estate tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the notes based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date hereof, the "Code," existing administrative pronouncements and judicial decisions, existing and proposed Treasury Regulations currently in effect, and interpretations of the foregoing, changes to any of which subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement may affect the tax consequences described herein, possibly with retroactive effect. This summary provides general information only and deals with original beneficial owners purchasing notes at the "issue price," that is, the first price to the public at which a substantial amount of the notes in an issue is sold (excluding sales to bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers). This summary discusses only notes held as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code. This summary does

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not discuss all of the tax consequences that may be relevant to a beneficial owner in light of his particular circumstances or to beneficial owners subject to special rules, such as:

- o certain financial institutions;
- o insurance companies;
- o dealers in securities or currencies;
- o persons holding notes in connection with a hedging transaction, "straddle," conversion transaction or other integrated transaction;
- o United States Holders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar;
- o persons subject to the alternative minimum tax;
- o persons who have ceased to be United States citizens or to be taxed as resident aliens; or
- o Non-United States Holders (as defined below) who are engaged in a trade or business in the United States.

If you are considering the purchase of notes, you should consult your tax advisor with regard to the application of the United States federal income and estate tax laws to your particular situation as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

Tax Consequences to United States Persons

As used herein, the term "United States Holder" means a beneficial owner of a note that is for United States federal income tax purposes:

- o a citizen or resident of the United States;
- o a corporation, or other entity taxable as a corporation for United States federal income tax purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision thereof;
- o an estate the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- o a trust if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more United States persons have the authority to control all

substantial decisions of the trust. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, to the extent provided in Treasury regulations, certain trusts in existence on August 20, 1996, and treated as United States persons under the Code and applicable Treasury regulations thereunder prior to such date, that elect to continue to be treated as United States persons under the Code or applicable Treasury regulations thereunder also will be United States Holders.

Payments of Interest. Interest on a note will generally be taxable to a United States Holder as ordinary interest income at the time it is accrued or is received in accordance with the United States Holder's method of accounting for tax purposes. If the issue price is computed by excluding the amount of pre-issuance accrued interest, the first interest payment will be included in income only to the extent it exceeds such amount.

Sale, Exchange or Retirement of the Notes. Upon the sale, exchange or retirement of a note, a United States Holder will generally recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale, exchange or retirement and the United States Holder's adjusted tax basis in the note (other than amounts representing accrued and unpaid interest). Such gain or loss generally will be long term capital gain or loss if the note had been held for more than one year at the time of disposition.

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Capital gains may be taxed at lower rates than ordinary income for taxpayers who are individuals, trusts or estates, and the deductibility of capital losses may be subject to limitations. You should consult your tax advisor regarding the treatment applicable to you.

Euro Notes. The following discussion summarizes the principal United States federal income tax consequences to a United States holder of the ownership and disposition of notes that are denominated in euro and the payments of interest or principal on which are payable in euro as well, which we refer to as "euro notes." The rules applicable to the taxation of euro notes are complex and United States Holders are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the United States federal income tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of euro notes.

A United States Holder who uses the cash method of accounting and who receives an interest payment in euro (or who receives proceeds from a sale, exchange or other disposition attributable to accrued interest) with respect to a euro note will be required to include in income the United States dollar value of the euro payment (determined based on a spot rate on the date the payment is received) regardless of whether the payment is in fact converted to U.S. dollars at that time, and this U.S. dollar value will be the United States Holder's tax basis in euro.

A United States Holder who is an accrual method taxpayer will be required to include in income the U.S. dollar value of the amount of interest income that has accrued and is otherwise required to be taken into account with respect to a euro note during an accrual period. The U.S. dollar value of the accrued interest income will be determined by translating the income at the average rate of exchange for the accrual period or, with respect to an accrual period that spans two taxable years, at the average rate for the partial period within the taxable year. The United States Holder will recognize exchange income or loss with respect to accrued interest income on the date the interest payment or proceeds from the sale, exchange or other disposition attributable to accrued interest is actually received. The amount of such income or loss recognized will equal the difference between the U.S. dollar value of the euro payment received (determined based on a spot rate on the date the payment is received) in respect

of the accrual period and the U.S. dollar value of interest income that has accrued during the accrual period (as determined above). A United States Holder may elect to translate interest income into U.S. dollars at the spot rate on the last day of the interest accrual period (or, in the case of a partial accrual period, the spot rate on the last day of the taxable year) or, if the date of receipt is within five business days of the last day of the interest accrual period, the spot rate on the date of receipt. A United States Holder that makes this election must apply it consistently to all debt instruments from year to year and cannot change the election without the consent of the Internal Revenue Service.

A United States Holder's tax basis in a euro note will be the U.S. dollar value of the euro amount paid for such euro note determined on the date of the purchase. A United States Holder who purchases a euro note with previously owned euro will recognize ordinary income or loss in an amount equal to the difference, if any, between such United States Holder's tax basis in the euro and the U.S. dollar fair market value of the euro note on the date of purchase.

Gain or loss realized upon the sale, exchange or retirement of a euro note that is attributable to fluctuations in currency exchange rates will be ordinary income or loss which will not be treated as interest income or expense. Gain or loss attributable to fluctuations in exchange rates will equal the difference between (i) the U.S. dollar value of the euro principal amount of the note, determined on the date the payment is received or the note is disposed of, and (ii) the U.S. dollar value of the euro principal amount of the note, determined on the date the United States Holder acquired the note. Payments received attributable to accrued interest will be treated in accordance with the rules applicable to payments of interest on euro notes described above. The exchange gain or loss will be recognized only to the extent of the total gain or loss realized by a United States Holder on the sale, exchange or retirement of the euro note.

A United States Holder will have a tax basis in any euro received on the sale, exchange or retirement of a euro note equal to the U.S. dollar value of the euro, determined at the time of sale, exchange or retirement. A cash method taxpayer who buys or sells a euro note is required to translate units of euro paid or received into U.S. dollars at the spot rate on the settlement date of the purchase or sale. Accordingly, no exchange gain or loss will result from currency fluctuations between the trade date and the settlement of the purchase or sale. An accrual method taxpayer may elect the same treatment for all purchases and sales of foreign currency obligations. This election cannot be changed without the consent of the Internal Revenue Service. Any gain or loss realized by a United States Holder on a sale or other disposition of euro (including its exchange for U.S. dollars or its use to purchase euro notes) will be ordinary income or loss.

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Backup Withholding and Information Reporting. Information returns will be filed with the Internal Revenue Service in connection with payments on the notes and the proceeds from a sale or other disposition of the notes. A United States Holder will be subject to United States backup withholding tax on these payments if the United States Holder fails to provide its taxpayer identification number to the paying agent and comply with certain certification procedures or otherwise establish an exemption from backup withholding. The amount of any backup withholding from a payment to a United States Holder will be allowed as a credit against the United States Holder's United States federal income tax liability and may entitle the United States Holder to a refund, provided that the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

Tax Consequences to Non-United States Persons

As used herein, the term "Non-United States Holder" means a beneficial owner of a note that is, for United States federal income tax purposes:

- o an individual who is classified as a nonresident for United States federal income tax purposes;
- o a foreign corporation; or
- o a nonresident alien fiduciary of a foreign estate or trust.

Income and Withholding Tax. Subject to the discussion below concerning backup withholding, payments of principal and interest on the notes by the Company or any paying agent to any Non-United States Holder will not be subject to United States federal withholding tax, provided that, in the case of interest, the Holder does not own, actually or constructively, 10 percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company entitled to vote, is not a controlled foreign corporation related, directly or indirectly, to the Company through stock ownership, and is not a bank receiving interest described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code, provided, however, that, as discussed below, the certification requirement has been fulfilled with respect to the beneficial owner.

Sale, Exchange or Retirement of the Notes. Generally, a Non-United States Holder will not be subject to federal income taxes on any amount which constitutes capital gain upon retirement or disposition of a note, unless such Non-United States Holder is an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of the disposition and such gain is derived from sources within the United States. Certain other exceptions may be applicable, and a Non-United States Holder should consult its tax advisor in this regard.

Certification Requirement. Interest payments will not be exempt from withholding tax unless the beneficial owner of the note certifies to a Withholding Agent, as defined below, on Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN, under penalties of perjury, that it is not a United States person. A "Withholding Agent" is the last United States payor (or a non-United States payor who is a qualified intermediary, United States branch of a foreign person, or withholding foreign partnership) in the chain of payment prior to payment to a Non-United States Holder (which itself is not a Withholding Agent). Generally, this statement is made on an IRS Form W-8BEN ("W-8BEN"), which is effective for the remainder of the year of signature plus three full calendar years unless a change in circumstances makes any information on the form incorrect. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, a W-8BEN with a United States taxpayer identification number will remain effective until a change in circumstances makes any information on the form incorrect, provided that the Withholding Agent reports at least annually to the beneficial owner on IRS Form 1042-S. The beneficial owner must inform the Withholding Agent within 30 days of such change and furnish a new W-8BEN. A noteholder who is not an individual or corporation (or an entity treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes) holding the notes on its own behalf may have substantially increased reporting requirements. In particular, in the case of notes held by a foreign partnership (or foreign trust), the partners (or beneficiaries) rather than the partnership (or trust) will be required to provide the certification discussed above, and the partnership (or trust) will be required to provide certain additional information.

Certain securities clearing organizations, and other entities that are not beneficial owners, may be able to provide a signed statement to the Withholding Agent. However, in such a case, the signed statement may require a copy of the beneficial owner's W-8BEN (or the substitute form).

Estate Tax. A note or coupon held by an individual may be subject to United States federal estate tax as a result of the individual's death if the individual (i) was a United States Holder, or, (ii) owned, actually or constructively, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company entitled to vote and, at the time of the individual's death, payments on the note would have been effectively connected to the conduct by the holder of a trade or business in the United States.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting. Information returns will be filed with the United States Internal Revenue Service in connection with payments on the notes and the proceeds from a sale or other disposition of the notes. The certification procedures required to claim the exemption from withholding tax on interest described above will satisfy the certification requirements necessary to avoid the backup withholding tax as well.

ERISA

Each fiduciary of a pension, profit-sharing or other employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA") (a "Plan"), should consider the fiduciary standards of ERISA in the context of the Plan's particular circumstances before authorizing an investment in the notes. Accordingly, among other factors, the fiduciary should consider whether the investment would satisfy the prudence and diversification requirements of ERISA and would be consistent with the documents and instruments governing the Plan.

In addition, we and certain of our subsidiaries and affiliates, including Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited and Morgan Stanley DW Inc. (formerly Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.) ("MSDWI"), may each be considered a "party in interest" within the meaning of ERISA, or a "disqualified person" within the meaning of the Code with respect to many Plans. Prohibited transactions within the meaning of ERISA or the Code would likely arise, for example, if the notes are acquired by or with the assets of a Plan with respect to which Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, MSDWI or any of their affiliates is a service provider, unless the notes are acquired pursuant to an exemption from the "prohibited transaction" rules. A violation of these "prohibited transaction" rules may result in an excise tax or other liabilities under ERISA and/or Section 4975 of the Code for such persons, unless exemptive relief is available under an applicable statutory or administrative exemption.

The U.S. Department of Labor has issued five prohibited transaction class exemptions ("PTCEs") that may provide exemptive relief for direct or indirect prohibited transactions resulting from the purchase or holding of the notes. Those class exemptions are PTCE 96-23 (for certain transactions determined by in-house asset managers), PTCE 95-60 (for certain transactions involving insurance company general accounts), PTCE 91-38 (for certain transactions involving bank collective investment funds), PTCE 90-1 (for certain transactions involving insurance company separate accounts) and PTCE 84-14 (for certain transactions determined by independent qualified asset managers).

Because we may be considered a party in interest with respect to many Plans, the notes may not be purchased or held by any Plan, any entity whose underlying assets include "plan assets" by reason of any Plan's investment in the entity (a "Plan Asset Entity") or any person investing "plan assets" of any Plan, unless such purchaser or holder is eligible for exemptive relief, including relief available under PTCE 96-23, 95-60, 91-38, 90-1 or 84-14 or such purchase and holding is otherwise not prohibited. Any purchaser, including any fiduciary purchasing on behalf of a Plan, or holder of the notes will be deemed to have represented, in its corporate and fiduciary capacity, by its purchase and holding thereof that it either (a) is not a Plan or a Plan Asset Entity and is not purchasing such securities on behalf of or with "plan assets" of any Plan or (b) is eligible for exemptive relief or such purchase or holding is not prohibited by ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code.

Under ERISA, assets of a Plan may include assets held in the general account of an insurance company which has issued an insurance policy to such

plan or assets of an entity in which the Plan has invested. Accordingly, insurance company general accounts that include assets of a Plan must ensure that one of the foregoing exemptions is available. Due to the complexity of these rules and the penalties that may be imposed upon persons involved in non-exempt prohibited transactions, it is particularly important that fiduciaries or other persons considering purchasing the notes on behalf of or with "plan assets" of any Plan consult with their counsel regarding the availability of exemptive relief under PTCE 96-23, 95-60, 91-38, 90-1 or 84-14.

Purchasers of the notes have exclusive responsibility for ensuring that their purchase and holding of the notes do not violate the prohibited transaction rules of ERISA or the Code.

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UNDERWRITERS

Under the terms and subject to the conditions contained in an underwriting agreement dated as of the date hereof (the "U.S. dollar notes underwriting agreement"), the underwriters named below, for whom Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated is acting as global representative (the "U.S. dollar notes underwriters"), have severally agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to them, severally, the respective principal amount of the notes due 2007, notes due 2012 and the notes due 2032 set forth opposite their names below:

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<CAPTION>

Principal amount of notes Name due 2032 ----- -----	Principal amount of notes due 2007 -----	Principal amount of notes due 2012 -----
<S>	<C>	<C>
<C>		
Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated \$ 807,000,000	\$ 2,022,000,000	\$ 2,022,000,000
ABN AMRO Incorporated 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Banc One Capital Markets, Inc. 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Barclays Capital Inc. 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Blaylock & Partners, L.P. 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Caboto IntesaBci-SIM S.p.A. 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Commerzbank Capital Markets Corp. 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Credit Lyonnais Securities (USA) Inc. 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Danske Bank A/S 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Fleet Securities, Inc. 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000

ING Barings Corp. 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
KBC Bank NV 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Mizuho International plc 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
RBC Dominion Securities Corporation 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
The Royal Bank of Scotland plc 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Santander Central Hispano Investment Securities Inc. 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Tokyo-Mitsubishi International plc 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
UFJ INTERNATIONAL plc 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Utendahl Capital Partners, L.P. 3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
The Williams Capital Group, L.P. 10,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
-----	-----	-----
Totals \$ 1,000,000,000	\$ 2,500,000,000	\$ 2,500,000,000
=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

The U.S. dollar notes underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the U.S. dollar notes underwriters to pay for and accept delivery of the U.S. dollar notes are subject to the approval of certain legal matters by their counsel and to certain other conditions. The U.S. dollar notes underwriters are obligated to take and pay for all of the U.S. dollar notes if any U.S. dollar notes are taken.

The U.S. dollar notes underwriters initially propose to offer part of the notes due 2007 directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page hereof and part to certain dealers at a price that represents a concession not in excess of .20% of the principal amount of the notes due 2007. The U.S. dollar notes underwriters may allow, and those dealers may reallow, a concession not in excess of .10% of the principal amount of the notes due 2007 to certain other dealers. After the initial offering of the notes due 2007, the offering price and other selling terms may from time to time be varied by the U.S. dollar notes underwriters.

The U.S. dollar notes underwriters initially propose to offer part of the notes due 2012 directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page hereof and part to certain dealers at a price that represents a concession not in excess of .30% of the principal amount of the notes due 2012. The U.S. dollar notes underwriters may allow, and those dealers may reallow, a concession not in excess of .20% of the principal amount of the notes due 2012 to certain other dealers. After the initial offering of the notes due 2012, the offering price and other selling terms may from time to time be varied by the U.S. dollar notes underwriters.

The U.S. dollar notes underwriters initially propose to offer part of the notes due 2032 directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page hereof and part to certain dealers at a price that represents a concession not in excess of .50% of the principal amount of the notes due 2032. The U.S. dollar notes underwriters may allow, and those dealers may reallow, a concession not in excess of .25% of the principal amount of the notes due 2032 to certain other dealers. After the initial offering of the notes due 2032, the offering price and other selling terms may from time to time be varied by the U.S. dollar notes underwriters.

Under the terms and subject to the conditions contained in an underwriting agreement dated as of the date hereof (the "euro notes underwriting agreement"), the underwriters named below, for whom Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited is acting as global representative (the "euro notes underwriters," and together with the U.S. dollar notes underwriters, the "underwriters"), have severally agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to them, severally, the respective principal amount of the notes due 2009 set forth opposite their names below:

Name	Principal amount of notes due 2009
-----	-----
Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited	(euro) 1,275,000,000
ABN AMRO Bank N.V.	15,000,000
Banco Santander Central Hispano S.A.	15,000,000
Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.	15,000,000
Barclays Bank PLC	15,000,000
Caboto IntesaBci-SIM S.p.A.	15,000,000
Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft	15,000,000
Credit Lyonnais	15,000,000
Danske Bank A/S	15,000,000
KBC Bank NV	15,000,000
Mizuho International plc	15,000,000
Royal Bank of Canada Limited	15,000,000
The Royal Bank of Scotland plc	15,000,000
Tokyo-Mitsubishi International plc	15,000,000
UFJ INTERNATIONAL plc	15,000,000
Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale	15,000,000

Total	(euro) 1,500,000,000
	=====

The euro notes underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the euro notes underwriters to pay for and accept delivery of the euro notes are subject to the approval of certain legal matters by their counsel and to certain other conditions. The euro notes underwriters are obligated to take and pay for all of the euro notes if any euro notes are taken.

The euro notes underwriters initially propose to offer part of the notes due 2009 directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page hereof. After the initial offering of the notes due 2009, the offering price and other selling terms may from time to time be varied by the euro notes underwriters.

The aggregate proceeds to MSDW are set forth on the cover page hereof before deducting our expenses in offering the notes. We estimate that we will spend approximately \$2,750,000 for printing, rating agency, listing, trustee's and legal fees and other expenses allocable to the offering.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect thereof.

We will apply for the notes to be admitted to the Official List of the UK Listing Authority and to trading on the London Stock Exchange plc.

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The notes are offered for sale in those jurisdictions in the United States, Europe and Asia where it is legal to make such offers.

Each underwriter has represented and agreed that it will comply with all applicable laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers the notes or possesses or distributes this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the purchase, offer or sale by it of the notes under the laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction to which it is subject or in which it makes such purchases, offers or sales and MSDW shall not have responsibility therefor.

With respect to notes to be offered or sold in the United Kingdom, each underwriter and any dealer participating in the distribution of such notes has represented and agreed with us that:

(1) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any of those notes to persons in the United Kingdom prior to admission of those notes to listing in accordance with Part VI of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "FSMA") except to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or otherwise in circumstances which have not resulted and will not result in an offer to the public in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the Public Offers of Securities Regulations 1995 or the FSMA;

(2) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of the notes in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to us; and

(3) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

The notes have not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan. Accordingly, the notes may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan) or to others for the reoffering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to a resident of Japan except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan and other relevant laws and regulations of Japan.

Purchasers of the notes may be required to pay stamp taxes and other charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country of purchase in addition to the issue price set forth on the cover page hereof.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may be used by Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited and other affiliates of ours in connection with offers and sales of the notes in market-making transactions at negotiated prices related to prevailing market

prices at the time of sale or otherwise. Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited and such other affiliates of ours may act as principal or agent in such transactions.

Each of Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated and Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ours. Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated's participation in the offering of the notes will be conducted in compliance with Rule 2720 of the Conduct Rules of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

The underwriters do not intend to confirm sales to accounts over which they exercise discretionary authority.

In order to facilitate the offering of the notes, the stabilizing manager may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of the notes. Specifically, the stabilizing manager may sell more notes than it is obligated to purchase in connection with the offering of the notes, creating a naked short position for its own account. The stabilizing manager must close out any naked short position by purchasing notes in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the stabilizing manager is concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the notes in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase notes in the offering. As an additional means of facilitating the offering of notes, the stabilizing manager may bid for, and purchase,

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these notes in the open market to stabilize the price of these notes. Finally, the stabilizing manager may also reclaim on behalf of the underwriting syndicate selling concessions allowed to an underwriter or a dealer for distributing these notes in the offering, if the stabilizing manager repurchases previously distributed notes to cover short positions or to stabilize the price of these notes. Any of these activities may raise or maintain the market price of these notes above independent market levels or prevent or retard a decline in the market price of these notes. The stabilizing manager is not required to engage in these activities, and may end any of these activities at any time. Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, and its agents, will act as the stabilizing manager with respect to the U.S. dollar notes, and Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited, and its agents, will act as the stabilizing manager with respect to the euro notes.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the notes will be passed upon for MSDW by Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP. Davis Polk & Wardwell will pass upon some legal matters relating to these notes for the underwriters. Davis Polk & Wardwell has in the past represented MSDW and continues to represent MSDW on a regular basis and in a variety of matters, including in connection with its private equity and leveraged capital activities.

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